

S-1/PLSG/01/18

TDP (General) 1st Semester Exam., 2018

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

(General)

[DSC/GE]

**FIRST PAPER**

**(Introduction to Political Theory)**

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.  
Candidates are required to give their answers  
in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer *all* the questions : 1×20=20

(a) Who said that politics is concerned with the  
'authoritative allocation of values' for a society ?

(i) Miller

(ii) A. Ball

(iii) David Easton

(iv) Almond

**[ Turn Over ]**

( 4 )

(h) The statement that "Every state is known by the rights that it maintains" is given by —

- (i) Lord Bryce
- (ii) Laski
- (iii) Cole
- (iv) Barker

(i) Who of the following was not an exponent of Monistic theory of sovereignty ?

- (i) Bodin
- (ii) Barker
- (iii) Hobbes
- (iv) Austin

(j) Which of the following is the oldest source of law ?

- (i) Customs
- (ii) Adjudication
- (iii) Legislation
- (iv) None of the above

( 5 )

(k) Who propounded the theory of 'General Will' ?

- (i) Hobbes
- (ii) Locke
- (iii) Rousseau
- (iv) Green

(l) "Liberty is the product of Right" who said ?

- (i) Marx
- (ii) Laski
- (iii) Barker
- (iv) None of them

(m) The idea of pressure group is originated in —

- (i) the UK
- (ii) the USA
- (iii) China
- (iv) None of the above

[ Turn Over ]

( 6 )

- (n) Who among the following is an exponent of modern approach to the study of politics ?
- (i) David Easton
  - (ii) Kant
  - (iii) Plato
  - (iv) Hegel
- (o) Who stated "Man is born free, but everywhere he is in chains" ?
- (i) Locke
  - (ii) Plato
  - (iii) Marx
  - (iv) Rousseau
- (p) Which kind of right is the 'Right to form Associations' ?
- (i) Civil Right
  - (ii) Legal Right
  - (iii) Political Right
  - (iv) Natural Right

( 7 )

- (q) "Leviathan" a famous book on sovereignty was written by —
- (i) Hobbes
  - (ii) Locke
  - (iii) Rousseau
  - (iv) None of them
- (r) The concept of Democratic Socialism was first expounded by —
- (i) Bernard Shaw
  - (ii) Sydney Web
  - (iii) Eduard Bernstein
  - (iv) Spencer
- (s) The establishment of 'Stateless Democracy' was the planning of —
- (i) Karl Marx
  - (ii) Lenin
  - (iii) M. K. Gandhi
  - (iv) None of the above

[ Turn Over ]

( 8 )

- (i) The concept of dictatorship of proletariat was fully elaborated in

- (i) Das Capital
- (ii) Communist Manifesto
- (iii) State and Revolution
- (iv) None of these

Answer the following questions :  $3 \times 4 = 12$

2. (a) What is meant by political theory ?

*Or*

- (b) What is structural functional approach ?

3. (a) Discuss the main sources of law.

*Or*

- (b) Write a note on Democratic Socialism.

4. (a) Define traditional authority.

*Or*

- (b) What are De-Jure and De-Facto sovereignty ?

5. (a) 'The state is not abolished. It withers away' — Explain.

( 9 )

*Or*

- (b) What are the main functions of pressure group in a modern state ?

Answer the following questions.  $12 \times 4 = 48$

6. (a) Critically discuss the Behavioural approach to the study of politics.  $8 + 4 = 12$

*Or*

- (b) Discuss the differences between Traditional approach and Modern approach. 12

7. (a) Define Rights. Discuss the nature of rights in different social system.  $2 + 10 = 12$

*Or*

- (b) Critically discuss the Marxian theory of class-struggle.  $8 + 4 = 12$

8. (a) Discuss critically the pluralistic theory of sovereignty.  $8 + 4 = 12$

*Or*

- (b) Discuss the relation between Political Power and Political authority. 12

[ Turn Over ]

( 10 )

9. (a) Discuss the liberal theory regarding the nature of state. 12

*Or*

- (b) Discuss the role and functions of Welfare State. 12