

TDP 1st Semester Exam., 2019

COMPULSORY ENGLISH-I

for B.A./B.COM.

A E C C

Section - A

Full Marks : 40

Time : 1 Hour

Important Instructions for OMR Sheet

1. Fill your correct Subject Name in the space provided on the top of the OMR sheet.
2. Write / Fill your Name, Roll number, Registration number, Regn. Session and Course Code in the space provided on the OMR Sheet.
3. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each one of the item.
4. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet **given inside the Paper Booklet only**. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
5. If you write your Phone Number in the OMR Sheet or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
6. You have to return the OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any mobile phone, calculator or log table etc. in examination hall, is prohibited.

OMR Sheet-এর জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী

- ১। OMR Sheet এর নির্দেশিত স্থানে সঠিক Subject Name পূরণ করতে হবে।
- ২। OMR Sheet এর নির্দেশিত স্থানে Name, Roll number, Registration number, Regn. Session এবং Course Code লিখতে/পূরণ করতে হবে।
- ৩। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে সঠিক উত্তরের গোল ঘরটি নীল/কালো কালিতে পূরণ করতে হবে।
- ৪। সঠিক উত্তর কেবলমাত্র উত্তর পত্র অর্থাৎ OMR Sheet-এর নির্দিষ্ট স্থানে গোল ঘর পূরণ করেই দিতে হবে। অন্য কোনো উপায়ে দেওয়া উত্তরের মূল্যায়ন হবে না।
- ৫। পরীক্ষার্থীর ফোন নম্বর OMR Sheet এর কোনো অংশে লেখা যাবে না। কোনোরূপ অবাঞ্ছিত শব্দ লেখা বা দুর্নীতির আশ্রয় নিলে পরীক্ষার্থী নিজেই তার জন্য দায়ী থাকবে।
- ৬। পরীক্ষা শেষে উত্তর পত্র (OMR Sheet) সংশ্লিষ্ট তত্ত্বাবধায়কের নিকট জমা দিয়ে পরীক্ষা কেন্দ্রের বাইরে বেরোতে হবে এবং কোনোভাবেই পরীক্ষা কেন্দ্রের বাইরে OMR Sheet টি আনা যাবে না।
- ৭। শুধুমাত্র নীল/কালো বল পয়েন্ট কলম ব্যবহার করতে হবে। পরীক্ষাকক্ষে মোবাইল ফোন, ক্যালকুলেটর অথবা লগ-টেবিল ইত্যাদি ব্যবহার নিষিদ্ধ।

All the questions are Compulsory

1. Who wrote the story, 'Shooting an Elephant' ?
 - (a) George Orwell
 - (b) William Wordsworth
 - (c) Bernard Shaw
 - (d) Joseph Addison
2. What was the real name of the author of the story, "Shooting an Elephant" ?
 - (a) William George
 - (b) Charles Lamb
 - (c) Eric Blair
 - (d) Frederic William
3. The author (George Orwell) finally located the elephant quietly grazing in a _____
 - (a) Marshy land in the southern part of the town
 - (b) Rice field with soft mud
 - (c) Banana orchard beside the road
 - (d) Back garden of a Burmese colony

(a) A Doctor

(b) A Sub-Divisional Police Officer

(c) An Army Officer

(d) An Advocate

5. In 'Night Train at Deoli,' a short story, the eighteen years old girl did not possess which one of the following traits —

(a) Bare-footed

(b) Innocent

(c) Graceful and well mannered

(d) Blue eyes

6. When would the train reach Deoli in the short story, 'The Night Train at Deoli'?

(a) 4 A.M.

(b) 5 A.M.

(c) 6 A.M.

(d) 10 A.M.

7. What was the main focus of O Henry's 'After Twenty Years' ?

- (a) Release of man from prison
- (b) Re-union of two old friends
- (c) Re-union of long-lost siblings
- (d) None of the above

8. What is the theme of the short story, 'After Twenty Years' ?

- (a) Dedication
- (b) Devotion
- (c) Dutiful
- (d) Friendship

9. Bob and his friend Jimmy reunite after _____ years.

- (a) Ten
- (b) Fourteen
- (c) Twenty
- (d) Twenty Two

10. Who wrote, 'They flash upon the inward eye, which is the bliss of solitude'?

- (a) Wilfred Owen
- (b) Sarojini Naidu
- (c) William Wordsworth
- (d) P. B. Shelley

11. How many flowers were seen by the poet at a glance?

- (a) One Thousand
- (b) Four Thousand
- (c) Ten Thousand
- (d) Twenty Thousand

12. Who wrote, 'Where are the songs of spring'? Aye, where are they?"

- (a) William Wordsworth
- (b) John Keats
- (c) P. B. Shelley
- (d) Wilfred Owen

13. When was the poem, 'Ode to Autumn' written ?

(a) 1818

(b) 1819

(c) 1820

(d) 1822

14. What is the most powerful thing referred and conveyed in the poem, 'Ozymandias' ?

(a) Time

(b) Power

(c) Grave

(d) Show-off

15. "My name is Ozymandias, king of kings" — who wrote it ?

(a) Sarojini Naidu

(b) P. B. Shelley

(c) G. B. Shaw

(d) S. T. Coleridge

Turn Over

16. Who are the strangers in the poem, 'Strange Meeting' ?

- (a) Two friends
- (b) Two fighters
- (c) Two dead soldiers
- (d) Two poets

17. Wilfred Owen's poem, 'The Strange Meeting' is an exploration of—

- (a) Terrorism
- (b) Sufferings of war
- (c) Horror of war
- (d) Pity of war

18. What is the form of the poem, 'The Bangle Seller' ?

- (a) Ode
- (b) Lyric
- (c) Sonnet
- (d) Epic

19. Bernard Shaw in his essay, 'Freedom' points out that man's slavery to man is —

- (a) artificial
- (b) natural
- (c) unnatural
- (d) attractive

20. According to Robert Lynd, the round ball is the symbol of —

- (a) Perfection
- (b) Confusion
- (c) Imperfection
- (d) Rejection

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions with appropriate option.

In modern times Abraham Lincoln stands as the model of a compassionate statesman. He showed this quality not only in striving for emancipation of the American blacks but in the dignity with which he conducted the American Civil War.

Lincoln did not fancy himself as a liberator. He thought it would be better for all if emancipation was a gradual process spread over many years. He proposed compensation for slave-owners in US bonds and grants for the rehabilitation of blacks — 'colonisation' as he called it. But fate was to deem otherwise. The haste with which the South wanted to break away from the union with the North, compelled him to move faster than expected. Perhaps more than *12 April 2023 1:26 pm* most men of his time he had thought through the issue of slavery. 'We must

'free the Slaves,' he said, 'or be ourselves subdued'. Before reading his first draft of the proclamation of emancipation, he told his colleagues, 'In giving freedom to the slaves, we assure freedom to the free.'

On September 22, 1862, Lincoln, set his hand on the Proclamation of Emancipation declaring that on the first day of January 1863, all person held as slaves within any state, 'shall be then, and forever free'.

Lincoln's revulsion for slavery left him without any moral indignation or passion against the slave-owners. The guilt of the slave-owners, he felt, should be shared by the whole country, the North and the South, for it seemed to him that everyone in the nation was an accomplice in perpetuating that system. To have whipped up any hatred against slave-owners would, to him, have been an act of malice.

I shall do nothing in malice, he wrote, 'what I deal' with us too vast for malicious dealing; As the civil war was coming to a successful conclusion, a Northerner demanded of Lincoln :

"Mr. President, how are you going to treat the Southerners when the war is over ?" Lincoln replied, "As of they never went to war."

When the news come of the Victory of the Northern against the Confederate forces, someone suggested that the head of the Confederation Administration, Jafferson Davies, really ought to be hanged. 'Judge not, that ye be not judged,' Lincoln replied. As to the demand for the prosecution of rebels, Lincoln replies. We must extinguish our resentments if we expect harmony and union. This was the last recorded utterance.

21. Who stands as the model of a compassionate statesman ?

- (a) Narendra Modi
- (b) Jafferson Davies
- (c) Donald Trump
- (d) Abraham Lincoln

22. On which date all persons held as slaves within any state shall be then; and forever free —

(a) 10 January, 1860

(b) 01 January, 1861

(c) 21 January, 1863

(d) 01 January, 1863

23. Who was really ought to be hanged ?

(a) Abraham Lincoln

(b) Jefferson Davies

(c) Mr. President

(d) Union Leader

24. Who said, "we must free the slaves, or be ourselves subdued" ?

(a) Mr. President of USA, Abraham Lincoln

(b) Jefferson Davies

(c) Bill Clinton

(d) Donald Trump

Turn Over

25. What came in Lincoln's way of carrying out emancipation as a gradual process?

(a) His proposition to give grant for the slaves.

(b) His own over enthusiasm to complete the process fast.

(c) The inadequate compensation given to slaves.

(d) The haste of the South to breakaway from the union with North.

26. The sentence, 'In giving freedom to the free' means —

(a) if we give freedom to the slave, they will serve us better.

(b) if we do not give freedom to the slave, they will free themselves.

(c) by freeing slaves, we are honouring the concept of freedom.

(d) by freeing slaves, we are safe-guarding our own interests.

27. The term 'colonisation' as used in the passage means —

(a) handing over the slaves to the slave owners

(b) efforts made by American blacks to free themselves

(c) making separate dwelling arrangements for slave

(d) a process by which a central system of power dominates

28. The incidents in the passage prove that Lincoln was —

(a) not an administrator

(b) sympathetic and kind hearted statesman

(c) afraid of the majority of slaves

(d) unduly concerned for the safety of rebels

29. According to Lincoln, the culprits of the system of slavery were —

- (a) The slave-owners alone
- (b) The slaves alone
- (c) Both the slave and the slave owners
- (d) All the people in the country

30. The author of the passage seems to be —

- (a) Impressed with Lincoln good qualities
- (b) An advocate of the slavery system
- (c) An advocate of tyranny
- (d) Indifferent to Lincoln remarkable achievements

31. Which one of the following statements is true in the context of the passage ?

- (a) Lincoln turned down the demand of the prosecution of rebels.
- (b) Lincoln wondered how mere compassion could lead to harmony.
- (c) Lincoln hailed the demand of hanging Jafferson Davies.
- (d) The Civil War was fought by the Northern and Southern against the enemies.

32. Lincoln's reply to Northerner's question regarding the treatment to Southerner's proves that —

- (a) Lincoln did not like the Southerner's act of breaking away
- (b) The Northerners were in favour of the Southerners
- (c) Lincoln did not have revengeful attitude towards the Southerners
- (d) The Southerners were wicked in their dealings.

33. What do you mean by 'perpetuating' in the passage ?

- (a) Destroying
- (b) Continuing
- (c) Aggravating
- (d) Criticising

34. What is the synonym of the word, 'Revulsion' ?

- (a) Avenge
- (b) Violence
- (c) Apathy
- (d) Disgust

35. Choose opposite word of the word, 'Compassionate' —

- (a) Indecisive
- (b) Humanistic
- (c) Unlawful
- (d) Untrustworthy

36. Write antonym of the word, 'Gradual'—

- (a) Rapid
- (b) Dynamic
- (c) Energetic
- (d) Enthusiastic

37. Abraham Lincoln _____ the slaves.

- (a) Kidnapped
- (b) Killed
- (c) Emancipated
- (d) Condemned

38. The news came of the victory of—

- (a) Southerner's
- (b) Northerner's
- (c) Easterner's
- (d) Westerner's

Turn Over

39. What do you mean by 'subdued' ?

- (a) Cheerful
- (b) Sombre
- (c) Boisterous
- (d) Glad

40. Who said at last that, 'we must extinguish our resentments if we expect harmony and union ?

- (a) Jafferson Davies
- (b) Abraham Lincoln
- (c) George Washington
- (d) Donald Trump
